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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM First National Real Estate Coastside 18/23 Addison Street, Shellharbour NSW 2529	NSW DAN: Phone: (02) 4295 5033 Ref: Matt Hutchinson Email: matt@coastsidefn.com.au
co-agent		
vendor	Paul Albert Knowles and Margaret Helen Mary Unit 3, 94 Railway Parade, Mittagong NSW 2575	
vendor's solicitor	Sward Law 21, 23 Addison Street, Shellharbour NSW 2529 PO Box 4293, Shellharbour NSW 2529	Phone: (02) 4295 3344 Email: benita@swardlaw.com.au Ref: TS:CAB: 24/6190
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date 7/28 Addison Street, Shellharbour NSW 2529 Registered Plan: Lot 7 Strata Plan 75794 Folio Identifier : 7/SP75794	(clause 15)
	☑ VACANT POSSESSION □ subject to existing	g tenancies
improvements	□ HOUSE □ garage □ carport ⊠ home un □ none □ other:	nit 🛛 carspace 🛛 storage space
attached copies	 ☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked ☐ other documents: 	or as numbered:
A real estate agent is p	permitted by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in this	box in a sale of residential property.
inclusions	-	I floor coverings
		ct screens
	-	fittings
exclusions		
purchaser		
purchaser's solicitor		
price deposit balance	(10	0% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
contract date	(if not	stated, the date this contract was made)
Where there is more than	n one purchaser □ JOINT TENANTS □ tenants in common □ in un	equal shares, specify:

GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$ buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER	
Signed by		Signed by	
Vendor		Purchaser	
Vendor		Purchaser	
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY)	
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the authorised person(s) whose signa	Corporations Act 2001 by the ature(s) appear(s) below:	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the authorised person(s) whose sign	e Corporations Act 2001 by the
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held

	3		Land – 2022 Edition
Ch	oices		
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	⊠ NO	□ yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause	e 4) PE	XA	
<i>Manual transaction</i> (clause 30)		☐ yes endor must provide icable exemption, ir	further details, including h the space below):
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise th			is aware)
Land tax is adjustable GST: Taxable supply		□ yes	🗆 vee te en evtent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	□ NO □ NO	□ yes in full □ yes	\Box yes to an extent
 by a vendor who is neither registered nor required GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land input taxed because the sale is of eligible residenti Purchaser must make an <i>GSTRW payment</i> (GST residential withholding payment)	g concern under d or farm land su ial premises (sec □ NO	section 38-325 pplied for farming u ctions 40-65, 40-75(□ yes (if yes, w details)	Inder Subdivision 38-O
	date, the vendo		nese details in a separate
GSTRW payment (GST resident Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is in a GST joint venture.	, sometimes furt	her information will	be required as to which
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's representative:			

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *GSTRW payment*:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the GSTRW rate (residential withholding rate):

Amount must be paid: \Box AT COMPLETION \Box at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? \Box NO \Box yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

Land – 2022 Edition

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
\boxtimes 1 property certificate for the land	□ 33 property certificate for strata common property
\boxtimes 2 plan of the land	□ 34 plan creating strata common property
\Box 3 unregistered plan of the land	⊠ 35 strata by-laws
\Box 4 plan of land to be subdivided	□ 36 strata development contract or statement
\Box 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	□ 37 strata management statement
☑ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	□ 38 strata renewal proposal
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	□ 39 strata renewal plan
1979	\Box 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common
\boxtimes 7 additional information included in that certificate	property
under section 10.7(5)	\Box 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property
⊠ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (apprice location diagram)	\Box 42 plan creating neighbourhood property
 (service location diagram) ⊠ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service 	\Box 43 neighbourhood development contract
diagram)	\Box 44 neighbourhood management statement
\boxtimes 10 document that created or may have created an	\Box 45 property certificate for precinct property
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	 46 plan creating precinct property 47 precinct development contract
positive covenant disclosed in this contract	\square 48 precinct management statement
□ 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	\square 49 property certificate for community property
□ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	\Box 50 plan creating community property
□ 13 survey report	\Box 51 community development contract
□ 14 building information certificate or building	\Box 52 community management statement
certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	\Box 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws
□ 15 occupation certificate	\Box 54 document disclosing a change in a development
□ 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or	or management contract or statement
variation) 17 other document relevant to tenancies	\Box 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries
\square 18 licence benefiting the land	□ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes
\square 19 old system document	Management Act 2015
\square 20 Crown purchase statement of account	□ 57 information certificate under Community Land
\square 21 building management statement	Management Act 2021
\square 22 form of requisitions	\Box 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
\square 23 clearance certificate	□ 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract Other
□ 24 land tax certificate	
Home Building Act 1989	
□ 25 insurance certificate	
\square 26 brochure or warning	
\Box 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	
Swimming Pools Act 1992	
□ 28 certificate of compliance	
\Box 29 evidence of registration	
□ 30 relevant occupation certificate	
□ 31 certificate of non-compliance	
□ 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

4

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1 This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4 A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5 The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

- 1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving: **APA Group NSW Department of Education** Australian Taxation Office **NSW Fair Trading** Owner of adjoining land Council **County Council** Privacv Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory **Department of Primary Industries** Subsidence Advisory NSW **Electricity and gas Telecommunications** Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean – 1

1.1

	ms (in any form) mean –
adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
authorised Subscriber	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice <i>served</i> by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a
	bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers
	one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
completion time	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor –
	• the issuer;
	the expiry date (if any); and
	the amount;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's
	solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose
	provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or
	withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to
	be transferred to the purchaser;
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and
	Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;
electronic transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal
	representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL
	and the participation rules;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared
	and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of
	the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;
EBCCW paraantaga	
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as
	at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the
	TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if
	any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	The rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
	- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA
	Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at
	1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the
	property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
manual transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case
	at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL;</i>
	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
party	
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental
	Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property;</i>
populate	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

requisition rescind serve settlement cheque	 an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other <i>party</i>; an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other
	cheque;
solicitor	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party</i> 's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
title data	the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by
	the Land Registry;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act,
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.

2.5 The vendor can terminate if -

- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
- 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
- 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

4.4

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless -
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction -
 - 4.2.1 each party must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
 - A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*,
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property,
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can rescind if -

- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).

13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –

- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
 - the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 14.2.2 completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any 14.4 other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor 14.4.1 in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land; •
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and •
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable • value on a proportional area basis.
- The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax. 14.5
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property 14.8 or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion. 16.2
- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.3 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -16.5 16.5.1
 - the price less any
 - deposit paid: •
 - FRCGW remittance payable; .
 - GSTRW payment, and .
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor. 16.7

17 Possession

16.5.2

- Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion. 17.1
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
 - If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

18.6

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay -
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights
- continue.20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).

23.2 In this contract – 23.2.1 'chang

- 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 (the *property* includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
 - at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

25.5 An abstract of title -

- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

Transfer

- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract. 32.3.2

rian.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN PAUL ALBERT KNOWLES and MARGARET HELEN MARY KNOWLES (Vendor)

AND

(Purchaser)

1. Notice to complete

In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

In the event that the Vendor has issued a notice to complete, the sum of \$330.00 (inclusive of GST) on account of legal costs incurred as a consequence of the delay to be allowed by the Purchaser as an additional adjustment on completion.

2. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

3. Purchaser acknowledgements

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

- (a) In its present condition and state of repair;
- (b) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
- (c) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
- (d) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and
- (e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

4. Late completion

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day due to the purchaser's default, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase price, 10% interest per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion, provided always that there shall be an abatement of interest during any time that the purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete and the vendor is not.

5. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, not withstanding completion.

6. Smoke alarms

The property has smoke alarms installed.

7. Swimming pool

The property does not have a swimming pool.

8. Deposit bond

- (a) The word bond means the deposit bond issued to the vendor at the request of the purchaser by the bond provider.
- (b) Subject to the following clauses the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit or the vendor's solicitor will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.
- (c) The purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the vendor.
- (d) If the vendor serves on the purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the purchaser must immediately pay the deposit or so much of the deposit as has not been paid to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.

9. Cancelled settlement

In the event settlement does not take place at the scheduled time or does not take place at a re-arranged time on that same day, due to default on the part of the Purchasers or their Mortgagee and through no fault of the Vendor, in addition to any other moneys payable by the Purchasers on completion of this Contract, the Purchaser must pay an additional \$165.00 (inclusive of GST) on completion to cover the costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay.

10. Cooling Off Period

- (a) In the event that this Contract is exchanged subject to a cooling off period, the purchaser agrees to pay the vendor's cost in the amount of \$110.00 (inclusive of GST) for each request for an extension to the initial cooling off period.
- (b) The vendor's cost will be payable regardless of whether or not an extension to the cooling off period is granted.
- (c) The Vendor's costs must be paid to the Vendor's Solicitor at the time the request for an extension is made by the Purchaser.

11. Completion

Notwithstanding the date for completion noted on the front page of this Contract, the parties agree that where either party is prevented from completing this Contract due to the occurrence of any of the following events:-

- (a) Suspension of the operation of services by :-
 - (i) The purchaser's incoming mortgagee;
 - (ii) The vendor's discharging mortgagee;
 - (iii) NSW Land Registry Services;
 - (iv) Revenue NSW preventing the payment of stamp duty or the clearance of a Land Tax charge;
 - (v) PEXA;
 - (vi) Any government body or department and strata management body who is required to provide a certificate that a party is entitled to (and would ordinarily request) or required to obtain pursuant to this Contract preventing the issue of the certificate;
- Or
- (b) The vendor being unable to provide vacant possession of the property due to an order, direction or law by a Government imposing a "lockdown" of:-
 - (i) The suburb where the property is located; or
 - (ii) The state of New South Wales.
- Or
- (c) The vendor residing in the property and testing positive to Covid-19 and providing a medical certificate evidencing same to the purchaser.

Then completion of this Contract will be due to take place on or before seven (7) days of the later of the following:

- A. The delaying event having been resolved; and
- B. In the case of 15(c), the vendor receiving a medical certificate confirming the clearance of the infection

12. Conditions of Sale by auction

If the property is or is intended to be sold at auction:

Bidders record means the bidders record to be kept pursuant to clause 13 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Regulation 2014 and section 68 of the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002:

- **A.** The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of land or livestock:
 - (a) The vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences;
 - (b) A bid for the vendor cannot be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of bids that may be made by or on behalf of the vendor;
 - (c) The highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price;
 - (d) In the event of a disputed bid, the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator and the auctioneer's decision is final;
 - (e) The auctioneer may refuse to accept any bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor;
 - (f) A bidder is taken to be a principal unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person;
 - (g) A bid cannot be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer;
 - (h) As soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser is to sign the agreement (if any) for sale.
- **B.** The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclause A, are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of residential property or rural land:
 - (a) All bidders must be registered in the bidders record and display an identifying number when making a bid;
 - (b) Subject to subclause C, the auctioneer may make only one vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land and

no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or any other person; and

- (c) Immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller or announces 'vendor bid'.
- **C.** The following conditions, in addition to those prescribed by subclauses A and B are prescribed as applicable to and in respect of the sale by auction of coowned residential property or rural land or the sale of such land by a seller as executor or administrator:
 - (a) More than one vendor bid may be made to purchase interest of a co-owner;
 - (b) A bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity;
 - (c) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller;
 - (d) Before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of any co-owner, executor or administrator or any person registered to bid on behalf of any coowner, executor or administrator.

13. Inconsistency

If there is any inconsistency between the Standard Form and the Special Conditions, then the Special Conditions prevail.

14. Christmas Closure

Notwithstanding the date for completion noted on the front page of this Contract -

- (a) The parties agree that completion of this Contract will not be required to take place between 19 December 2024 and 16 January 2025 inclusive.
- (b) If the date for completion falls within the period referred to in clause 15 (a) above then the date for completion will be deferred until 17 January 2025 and the provisions of this contract imposing interest for late completion will not apply during that period.
- (c) If the date for completion falls prior to the period referred to in clause 15 (a) above but completion does not in fact take place prior to that period through no fault of the vendor then the provisions of this contract imposing interest for late completion will nevertheless continue to apply as from the date due for completion until the date on which completion actually takes place.



REGISTRY Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 7/SP75794

LAND

SERVICES

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
11/10/2024	2:30 PM	7	5/6/2018

LAND

LOT 7 IN STRATA PLAN 75794 AT SHELLHARBOUR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHELLHARBOUR

FIRST SCHEDULE

MARGARET HELEN MARY KNOWLES PAUL ALBERT KNOWLES AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AN395326)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP75794
- 2 AN395327 MORTGAGE TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

6190: Sale - Paul Albert Knowl

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



REGISTRY Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP75794

LAND

SERVICES

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
14/10/2024	12:17 PM	5	9/10/2023

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 75794 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT SHELLHARBOUR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SHELLHARBOUR PARISH OF TERRAGONG COUNTY OF CAMDEN TITLE DIAGRAM SP75794

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 75794 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: 28 ADDISON STREET SHELLHARBOUR 2529

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 AM708629 INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED
- 3 AT500797 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT

(AGGREGATE: 10000)

STRATA PLAN 75794

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LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1 -	472	2 -	473	3 -	427	4 -	433
5 -	588	б –	586	7 –	586	8 -	581
9 -	460	10 -	457	11 -	458	12 -	458
13 -	458	14 -	465	15 -	467	16 -	458
17 -	458	18 -	457	19 -	503	20 -	503
21 -	252						

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

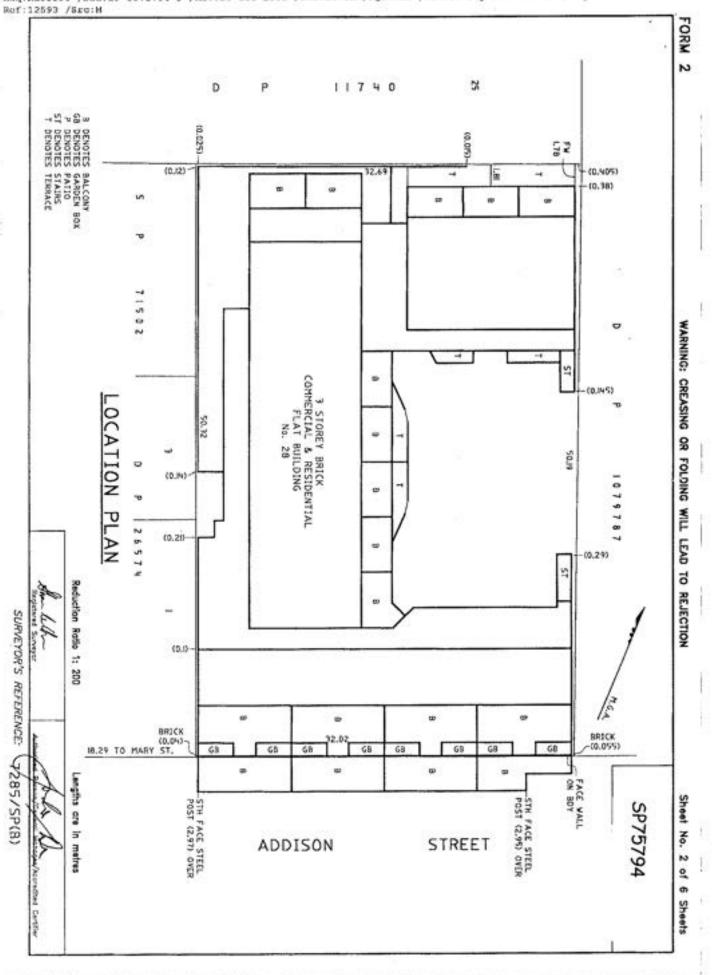
*** END OF SEARCH ***

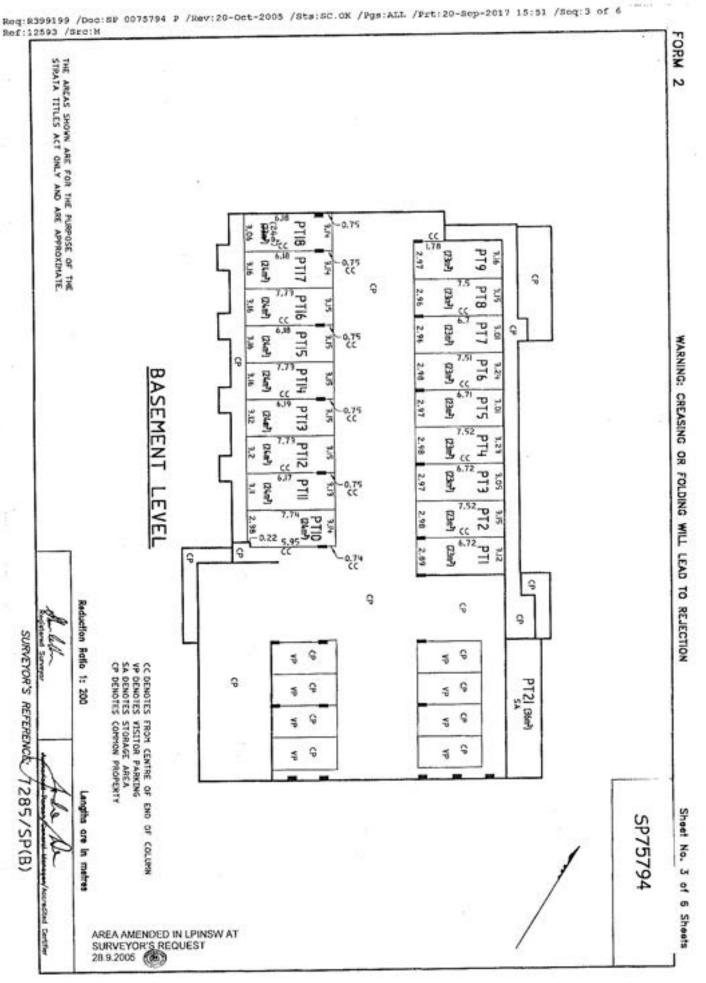
6190: Sale - Paul Albert Knowl

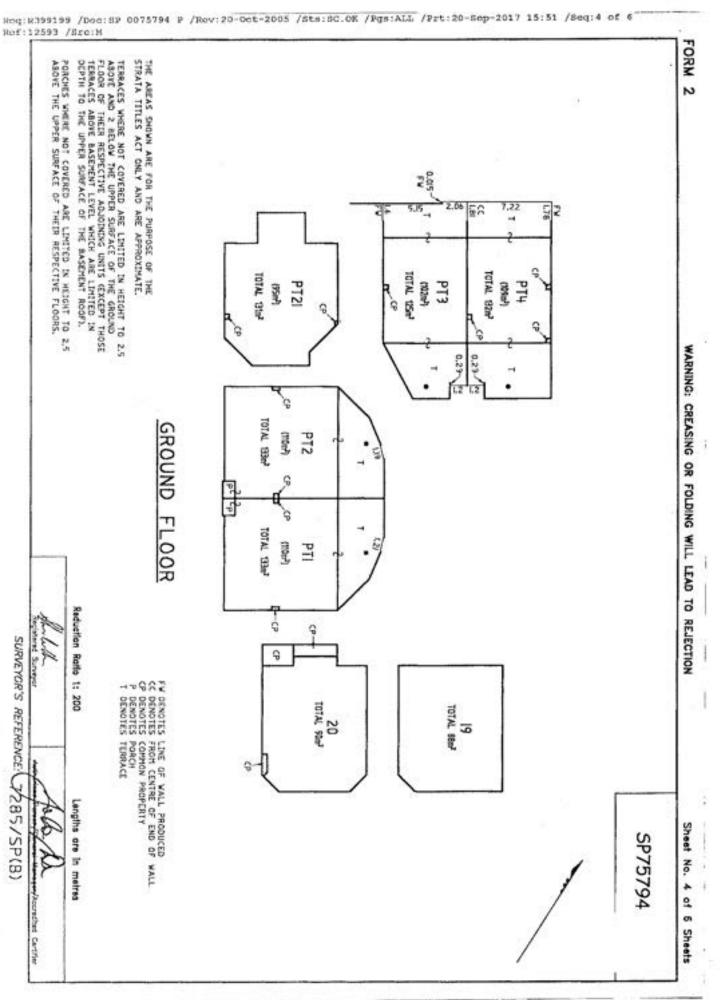
PRINTED ON 14/10/2024

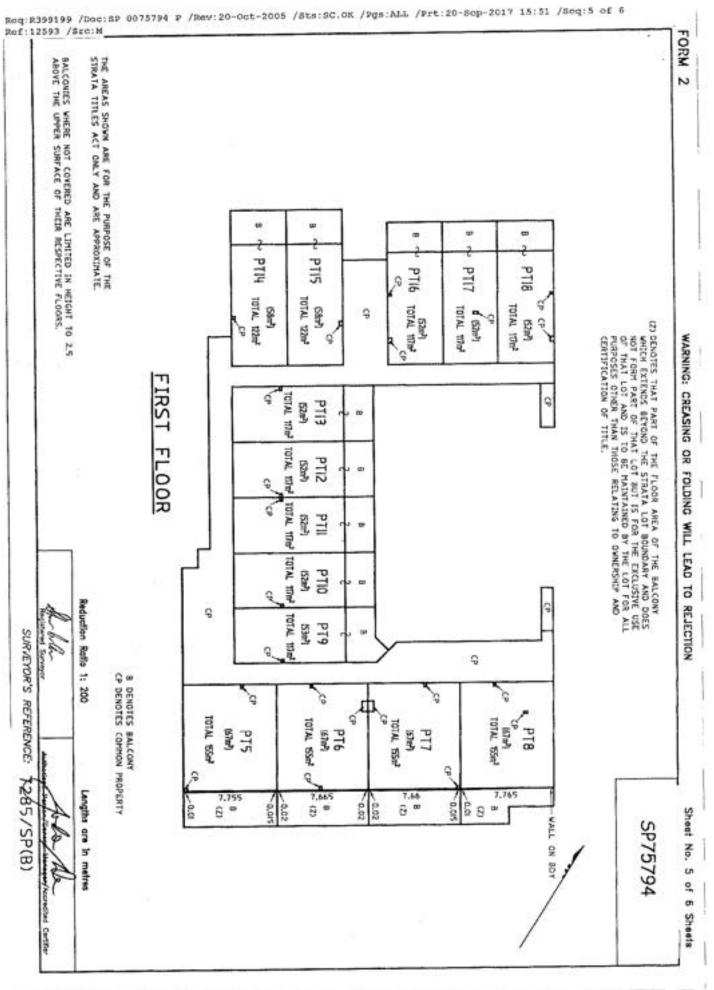
* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

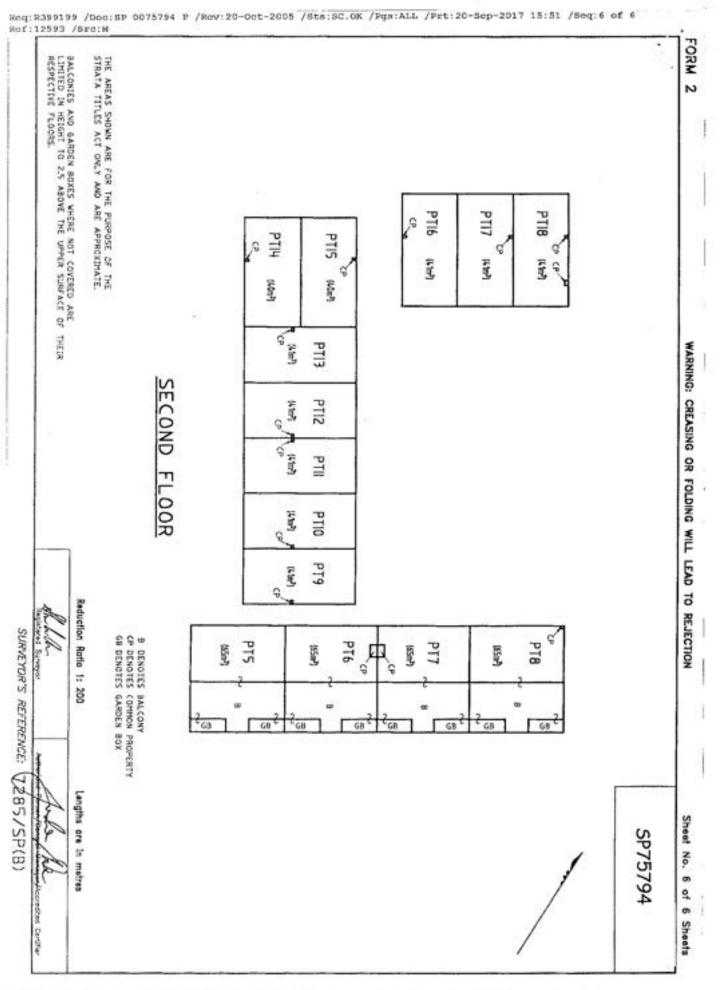
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Req:R399200 /Dog:DL AM708629 /Rev:08-Sep-2017 /Sts:SC.OK /Pgs:ALL /Prt:20-Sep-2017 15:51 /Seq:1 of 10 Ref:12593 /Srg:M

Form:	15CH
Release:	1-0

CONSOLIDATION/	
CHANGE OF BY-LAWS	
New South Wales	
- Cohamas Managamani Act 7	



New South Wales Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 95B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A)	TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP75794		
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Box 312D	Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any LAWAGENTS 123202Y Reference: MY ByLAW 75794	CODE
(C) (D)	The Owners-Stra in accordance wi		5794 certify that pursuant to a resolution passed on 2/08/2017 ons of SECTION 141 OF THE STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT ACT 2015	and 5

(D) in accordance with the provisions of SECTION 141 OF THE STRATE SCHEMES PROMOBILIES AC the by-laws are changed as follows—

(E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE Added by-law No. Special By-law 2

Added by-law No. Special By-law 2 Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE

as fully set out below:

Consolidated set of by-laws attached as Annexure A

(F) A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure A

(G) The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 75794 was affixed on 4109, 2017 in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS. 1612 Page 1 of 10	
Authority:	
Namer	11 . 40
Signature:	Sector 19
Authority: STRATA MANAGER	(Seal)
Name: SAMANTHA KOMIN KOUSEI	50 54
Signature:	TRATA A

SA

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Approved Form 10

Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

*that the initial period has expired.

"the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strate scheme and any purchaser under-on exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodged with this cortificate.

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No 75794 was affixed on * 409 2017 In the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal.

Name: S. KOMINKONSKI Authority STRATA MANAGER 8 Signature: ..

Signature: Authority:

* Incert appropriate date * Strike through if inapplicable.



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ANNEXURE A

STRATA PLAN 75794 – 28 Addison Street Shellharbour Mixed Use Model By Laws

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

2 Vehicles

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or
- (e) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:
- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area at possible danger or hazard to children.

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8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10 Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. Such washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot provided that the washing will not be visible from street level outside the parcel.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (4) In this clause:

washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

- (1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.
- (2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Changes to floor coverings

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.
- (2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and area time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and Page 4 of 10

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- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
- (a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot:
- (a) must comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
- (b) must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or waste, and
- (c) if the lot is used for commercial purposes, must not deposit any item of commercial waste in receptacles provided solely for the collection of residential garbage, waste or recyclable material.
- (4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.
- (5) This by-law does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

16 Keeping of animals

Option A

- (1) Subject to section 49 (4) of the Act, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

20 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

21 Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners on occupiers of one or more of the lots: Page 5 of 10

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Cost

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- (a) security services,
- (b) promotional services,
- (c) advertising,
- (d) commercial cleaning,
- (e) domestic services,
- (f) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (g) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (h) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).
- (2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

22 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:
 - (a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times.
 - (b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in clause (1).

23 Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot used for residential purpose must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

24 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

Special By Law 1 - Air Conditioners

(a) The Owner of each and every Lot may install an air conditioner within the boundaries of their Lot subject to the conditions of this special by-law being adhered to.

(b) Before installing the air conditioner the Owner must seek approval from the Owners Corporation/ Executive Committee. When seeking such approval the Owner must provide the Strata Managing Agent not less than thirty (30) days before the air-conditioner is to be installed for approval by the Executive Committee:

- (i) a copy of any approval required from Council;
- (ii) a plan of the proposed location of the air conditioner within the boundaries of the Lot;
- (iii) a copy of the air conditioners specifications including estimated noise Output.

(c) In installing the air conditioner the Owner must:

(i) ensure that approval has been granted by the owners corporation/executive committee after providing all details as per section b

(ii) ensure that no part of the air conditioner kept in accordance with this by-law encroaches onto the Common Property or an adjoining Lot, the Owner

- (iii) of such adjoining Lot has given the Owner permission to do so;
- (iv) complying with all conditions of Council;
- (v) comply with the manufacturer's specifications and method of installation;
- (vi) carry out the installation in locations shown in the drawing submitted to

(vii) carry out the installation in a proper and skilful manner in accordance with and approved by the Owners Corporation; the Building Code of Australia and any pertinent Australian Standards or Statutes.

(d) The Owner must ensure that any condensation from the air conditioner is drained in accordance with the requirements of Council and the Owners Corporation, through lines to existing drains or open and so it does not cause a nuisance to the Owner or occupier of any Lot or the Common Property of effect the use of the Common Property by any person entitled to use it.

EG.

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(e) The Owner must not use the air conditioner in breach of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 or any other applicable Statute.

(f) The Owner must not use the air conditioner if its use generates noise or vibration that interferes unreasonably with the use and enjoyment of another Lot by the Owner or occupier of it or of the Common Property by any person entitled to use it.

(g) The Owner must maintain the air conditioner in a state of good and serviceable repair and must renew or replace it when necessary.

Special By Law 2 - Lot 3 Bathroom Renovations

DEFINITIONS

"Owner" means the Owners of Lot: 3 in Strata Plan 75794.

"Building Works" means the renovation and/or alteration of bathroom(s) in accordance with the Owner's Schedule of Works.

"Reasonable and satisfactory standard" means a state of good and serviceable repair, approved by the Owners Corporation (whether retrospectively or in anticipation of the Building Works) and as close to that condition as possible, accounting for fair wear and tear.

"Schedule of Works" means the Owner's list of all of the Building Works already completed or proposed to be performed, approved by the Owner's Corporation and enclosed herewith and marked 'Enclosure 1'.

Where any terms used in this by-law are defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, they will have the same meaning as those words are attributed under that Act.

B. RIGHTS

Subject to the conditions in paragraph C of this by-law, the Owner will have;

- (A) special privilege in respect of the common property to perform, erect and keep the Building Works to and on the common property; and
- (B) in relation to their lot, the exclusive use of those parts of the common property occupied by the Building Works.

C. CONDITIONS

1 MAINTENANCE

- (A) The Owner must properly maintain and keep the common property adjacent to their lot to which the Building Works are erected or attached to a reasonable and satisfactory standard.
- (B) In respect of their lot, the Owner must properly maintain and keep the Building Works to a reasonable and satisfactory standard and must replace the Building Works it/as required from time to time.

2 DOCUMENTATION

Before commencing the Building Works the Owner must submit the following documents relating to the Building Works to the Owners Corporation for approval;

- (A) plans and drawings;
- (B) specifications;
- (C) structural diagrams;
- (D) a Schedule of Works; and

(E) any other document reasonably required by the Owners Corporation.

3 APPROVALS

(A) The Building Works must be compliant with Australian Standards.

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- (B) Before commencing the Building Works the Owner must obtain approval for the performance of the Building Works from;
 - (I) the relevant consent authority under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act; and
 - (II) any other relevant statutory authority whose requirements apply to the Building Works.
- 4 INSURANCE

Before commencing the Building Works the Owner must affect or cause to be affected the following insurances in respect of their tot in the joint names of the Owner and Owners Corporation as required;

- (A) contractors all works insurance;
- (B) insurance required under the Home Building Act 1989 (if required);
- (C) workers compensation insurance; and
- (D) public liability insurance in the amount of \$10,000,000.00.

5 PERFORMANCE OF WORKS

- In performing the Building Works, the Owner must;
- (A) transport all construction material, equipment debris and other material in the manner reasonably directed by the Owners Corporation:
- (B) protect all areas of the scheme outside their lot from damage by the Building Works or the transportation of construction materials, equipment, debris;
- (C) keep all areas of the building outside their respective lot clean and tidy throughout the performance of the Building Works;
- (D) only perform the Building Works at the times approved by the Owners Corporation;
- (E) not create noise that causes unreasonable discomfort, disturbance or interference with activities of any other occupier of the building;
- (F) remove all debris resulting from the Building Works immediately from the building; and
- (G) comply with the requirements of the Owners Corporation to comply with any bylaws and any relevant statutory authority concerning the performance of the Building Works.
- 6 LIABILITY

The Owner will be liable for any damage caused to any part of the common property as a result of the erection or attachment of the Building Works to the common property and will make good that damage immediately after it has occurred.

7 INDEMNITY

The Owner must indemnify the Owners Corporation against any loss or damage the Owners Corporation suffers as a result of the construction, performance, maintenance or replacement of their respective Building Works on the common property including fiability under section 122 in respect of any property of the Owners.

8 COST OF WORKS

The Building Works must be undertaken at the cost of the Owner.

9 OWNERS' FIXTURES

The Building Works shall remain the Owner's fixtures.

10 RIGHT TO REMEDY DEFAULT

If the Owner fails to comply with any obligation under this by-law, THEN the Owners Corporation

- (A) carry out all work necessary to perform that obligation;
- (B) enter upon any part of the parcel to carry out that work; and



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(C) recover the costs of carrying out that work from the Owner.

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And	Quote	ENCL	.OSURE	1
STILETTO HOMES	19		3	
Address: 3/121 Shellharbour Road Warilla NSW 2528 Phone: 02 4231 4445 Email: admin@stilettohomes.com ABN: 50 130 940 902		Quote #: Date: Terms: Your Order #: Page:	00003083 3/05/2017 C.O.D. 1	
3ill To: Lauren Pope 3/28 Addison St Shellharbour NSW 2529			29	
 Remove existing shower, vanity, toilet, Waterproofing 	taps and tiles			GST
Lay tiling to the floor and walls Install new shower, toilet, vanity and ta	ps			
Install new shower, toilet, vanity and ta	T	Subtotal: GST: otal Inc GST: Paid to Date:	\$ \$ \$ \$0	0.00

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Residual Document Version 04

Lodger Details Lodger Code	502458Y	Land Registry Document Identification
Name	PDC LAW	A TE 00707
Address	PO BOX 214 WOLLONGONG 2520	AT500797
Lodger Box	1W	
Email	ADMIN@PDCLAW.AU	STAMP DUTY:
Reference	21/2131 SP75794	
	Consoli	dation/Change of By-laws
Jurisdiction	NEW SOUTH WALES	
Privacy Collectio The information in indexes.		authority and used for the purpose of maintaining publicly searchable registers and
	nce Part Land Affected?	Land Description
Land Title Refere		
Land Title Refere CP/SP75794	N N	
CP/SP75794 Owners Corporat	N	

Meeting Date 26/06/2023

20/00/2023	
Added by-law No.	
Details	SPECIAL BY-LAW 3
Amended by-law No.	
Details	NOT APPLICABLE
Repealed by-law No.	
Details	NOT APPLICABLE

The subscriber requests the Registrar-General to make any necessary recording in the Register to give effect to this instrument, in respect of the land or interest described above.

Attachment

See attached Conditions and Provisions See attached Approved forms

Execution

The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to verify the identity of the applicant or his, her or its administrator or attorney. The Certifier holds a properly completed Client Authorisation for the Conveyancing Transaction including this Registry Instrument or Document.

The Certifier has retained the evidence supporting this Registry Instrument or Document. The Certifier has taken reasonable steps to ensure that this Registry Instrument or Document is correct and compliant with relevant legislation and any Prescribed Requirement.

Executed on behalf of	THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. SP75794
Signer Name	KRISTY MUTCH
Signer Organisation	PLANNING DEVELOPMENT COMMERCIAL LAWYERS PTY LIMITED
Signer Role	PRACTITIONER CERTIFIER
Execution Date	06/10/2023

'N'

STRATA PLAN 75794 – 28 Addison Street Shellharbour Mixed Use Model By Laws

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(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval to the parking or standing of a motor vehicle on the common property.

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An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

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- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
 - (d) any sign to advertise the activities of the occupier of the lot if the owners corporation has specified locations for such signs and that sign is installed in the specified locations, or
 - (e) any such device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

(a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device, structure or sign referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

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An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

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An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

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An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

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(3) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot that will be visible from street level outside the parcel only if the owner or occupier has the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

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washing includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type period

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(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12 Storage of Inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13 Changes to Floor Coverings

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.

(2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14 Floor coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste: (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and (except in the case of receptacles or recyclable material) adequately covered, and
 - (b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacies it is, in case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and

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- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacies of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacies for garbage, recyclable material or waste:
 - (a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of garbage, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
 - (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

- (a) must comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
- (b) must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, recyclable material or weste, and
- (c) If the lot is used for commercial purposes, must not deposit any item of commercial waste in receptucies provided solely for the collection of residential garbage, waste or recyclable material.

(4) The owners corporation may post signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

(5) This by-law does not require an owner or occupier of a lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any relevant law applying to the disposal of such waste.

16 Keeping of animals

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Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
 The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval .of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

17 Appearance of lot

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot, the not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, lowel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in By-law 10.

18 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do anything on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

20 Prevention of hazards

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do anything on the lot or common property that is likely to create a hazard or danger to the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using the common property.

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21 Provision of amenities or services

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⁽³⁾ An owner or occupier of a lot:

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

- (a) security services,
- (b) promotional services,

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- (c) advertising.
- (d) commercial cleaning,
- (e) domestic services,
- (f) garbage disposal and recycling services.
- (g) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (h) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to in clause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amonity or

Note. Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

22 Controls on hours of operation and use of facilities

- (1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, make any of the following determinations if it considers the determination is appropriate for the control, management, administration, use or enjoyment of the lots or the lots and common property of the strata scheme:
 - (a) that commercial or business activities may be conducted on a lot or common property only during certain times.
 - (b) that facilities situated on the common property may be used only during certain times or on certain conditions.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must comply with a determination referred to in clause (1).

23 Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupter of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot used for residential purpose must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

24 Service of documents on owner of lot by owners corporation

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

25 Minor Renovations - Applications by lot owners

- (1) In this By-law "Minor renovations" include (but are not limited to) work for the purposes of the following:
- 1.1 renovating a kitchen, 1.2. changing recessed light fittings,
 - 1.3. Installing or replacing wood or other hard floors,
 - 1.4. Installing or replacing wiring or cabling or power or access points,

 - work involving reconfiguring walls,
 removing carpet or other soft foor coverings to expose underlying wooden or other hard floors,
 - 1.7. installing a rainwater tank,
 - 1.8. Installing a clothesline,
 - 1.9. Installing a reverse cycle split system air conditioner,
 - 1.10. Installing double or triple glazed windows,
 - 1.11. installing a heat pump,
 - 1.12. installing ceiling insulation,
 - 1.13. Installing TV antenna or satellite dishes for pay TV
 - 1.14. installing whirly bird ventilation devices
 - 1.15. Installing small awnings or pergolas that do not require council approval and
 - 1.16. any other work added to this list by regulations or by-laws.

(2) Minor renovations must not involve:

- 2.1. structural changes,
- 2.2. changes to the external appearance of a lot, or
- 2.3. waterproofing.

(3) Minor renovations do not include:

- 3.1. work that involves structural changes, 3.2. work that changes the external appearance of a lot, including the installation of an external access ramp,
- 3.3. work involving waterproofing, 3.4. work for which consent or another approval is required under any other Act, and

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- 3.5. work that is authorised by a by-law or a common property rights by-law.

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(4) Before any building work is started by an owner, the owner of a lot <u>must</u> give written notice (e.g., complete an application form) in the form provided by the Owners Corporation, of the proposed minor renovations/building work, such application to include the following:

- 4.1. details of the work, including copies of any plans,
 4.2. duration and times of the work, 4.3. details of the persons carrying out the work, including qualifications, license and insurances to carry out the work, and
- 4.4. arrangements to manage any resulting rubbish or debris.

(5) An owner of a lot must ensure that:

- 5.1. any damage caused to any part of the common property by the carrying out of minor renovations by or on behalf of the owner is repaired, and
 - the minor renovations and any repairs are carried out in a competent and proper manner. 5.2.

(6) The Owners Corporation by this By-law has delegated its responsibility to review and assess any application for renovations and atternations, including minor woks.

(7) This means the Strata Committee has the authority to decide an application for consent for minor renovations. Such authority extends to requesting further information from the Lot Owner to consider the application and ultimately accepting or refusing an application.

(8) The Strata Committee will not unreasonably withhold its consent to such applications but applications will only be approved with conditions.

(9) The Lot Owner shall:

- pay to the Owners Corporation any costs (including legal, expert or administrative out of pocket expenses incurred by the 9.1. strata Committee in reviewing, considering, requesting further information, approving or refusing the application);
- be responsible for the performance of the duties of the Owners Corporation pursuant to section 144 of the Strata Schemes 9.2. Management Act 2015 with respect to the repair, maintenance and insurance relevant to the minor renovations carried out and installed to the Lot; and
- 9.3. at its own expense, be responsible for the repair, maintenance and upkeep of the minor renovations to the Lots.

(10) If the Lot Owner fails to comply with any obligation under this By-law, then the Owners Corporation may:

- 10.1. request, in writing, that the Owner compiles with the conditions of the approval;
 - 10.2. by its agents, employees and contractors, enter upon the Lot and carry out all work necessary to perform the obligation;
 - 10.3. recover the costs of such work from the Owner as a debt due; and
 - 10.4. such costs, if not paid at the end of one (1) month after becoming due and payable shall bear, until paid, interest at the annual rate of ten (10) percent.

The Owners Corporation may recover as a debt any costs not paid at the end of one (1) month after they become due and payable, together with any interest payable and the expenses of the Owners Corporation Incurred in recovering those amounts

26 Window Safety Devices and Recovery of expenses by Owners Corporation

(1) As the obligation under section 118 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 or as amended, is upon the Owners Corporation to ensure that there are complying window safety devices for all common property windows in the strata scheme, the Owners Corporation may choose to install such window safety devices and if such a device is damaged or removed by a person within the lot, then the owner of the lot shall be responsible for the repair and/or replacement of that window safety device.

(2) Where it is necessary, at the discretion of the Owners Corporation, to seek to recover from an owner any money that is owed by that owner to the Owners Corporation whether under section 120 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, or as amended, or the By-laws (and also including arrears of levies), then the Owners Corporation shall be entitled to recover such amount spent, together with any amount expended by way of legal costs and outlays (including solicitor and own client costs) including the costs of investigation and of service of process, as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction from such owner.

(3) Where the Owners Corporation spends money to repair damage caused by a breach of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, or as amended, or a breach of the By-laws by any owner, mortgagee or covenant chargee in possession, tenant or occupier, then the Owners Corporation is entitled to recover the amount spent, logether with any amount expended by way of legal costs and outlays (including solicitor and own client costs) including the costs of investigation and of service of process, as a debt in any court. of competent jurisdiction from such owner.

(4) Some examples of the type of "expenses" which are recoverable by the Owners Corporation pursuant to this By-law are:

4.1. If an owner of a lot fails to carry out work that is required to be carried out under a notice given to the owner by a public authority (e.g., show cause notice from council or a NSW fire compliance notice), then the Owners Corporation may carry out the work and recover the expenses as a debt; and

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- 4.2. If an owner (or the occupier of the lot) damages a window safety device installed within the lot or common property, then the Owners Corporation will spend money to arrange the repair and repair the damage (or replace the window safety device), and such expense (including legal and administrative costs) will be recovered by the Owners Corporation as a debit.
- 4.3. If an owner has agreed for the Owners Corporation to organise the engagement of a contractor to install the Window Safety Devices in his or her lot and fails to provide access to his or her lot which results in the Owners Corporation incurring fees from the contractor engaged to Install the Window Safety Devices.
- 5. The entitlement of the Owners Corporation to recover its expenses are not limited to the examples in this By-law and such entitlement includes any damage caused to common property by an owner, mortgagee or covenant chargee in possession, lenant or occupier.

Special By Law 1 - Air Conditioners

(a) The Owner of each and every Lot may install an air conditioner within the boundaries of their Lot subject to the conditions of this special by-law being adhered to.

(b) Before installing the air conditioner the Owner must seek approval from the Owners Corporation/ Executive Committee. When seeking such approval the Owner must provide the Strata Managing Agent not less than thirty (30) days before the air-conditioner is to be installed for approval by the Executive Committee:

- (i) a copy of any approval required from Council;
- (ii) a plan of the proposed location of the air conditioner within the boundaries of the Lot;
- (ii) a copy of the air conditioners specifications including estimated noise Output.
- (c) In installing the air conditioner the Owner must:
 - (i) ensure that approval has been granted by the owners corporation/executive committee after providing all details as per section b
 - (ii) ensure that no part of the air conditioner kept in accordance with this by-law encroaches onto the Common Property or an adjoining Lot, the Owner
 - (iii) of such adjoining Lot has given the Owner permission to do so;
 - (iv) complying with all conditions of Council;
 - (v) comply with the manufacturer's specifications and method of installation;
 - (vi) carry out the installation in locations shown in the drawing submitted to
 - (vii) carry out the installation in a proper and skillul manner in accordance with and approved by the Owners Corporation; the Building Code of Australia and any pertinent Australian Standards or Statutes.

(d) The Owner must ensure that any condensation from the air conditioner is drained in accordance with the requirements of Council and the Owners Corporation, through lines to existing drains or pipes and so it does not cause a nuisance to the Owner or occupier

of any Lot or the Common Property of defect the use of the Common Property by any person entitled to use it. (c) The Owner must not use the air conditioner in breach of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 or any other applicable Statute.

(f) The Owner must not use the air conditioner if its use generates noise or vibration that interferes unreasonably with the use and

enjoyment of another lot by the Owner or occupier of it or of the Common Property by any person entitled to use it. (g) The Owner must maintain the air conditioner in a state of good and serviceable repair and must renew or replace it when necessary.

Special By Law 2 - Lot 3 Bathroom Renovations

A DEFINITIONS

"Owner" means the Owners of Lot: 3 in Strata Plan 75794.

"Building Works" means the renovation and/or alteration of bathroom(s) in accordance with the Owners Schedule of Works.

"Reasonable and satisfactory standard" means a state of good and- serviceable repair, approved by the Owners Corporation (whether retrospectively or in anticipation of the Building Works) and as close to that condition as possible accounting for fair wear and tear.

"Schedule of Works" means the Owners list of all of the Building Works already completed or proposed to be performed, approved by the Owners Corporation and enclosed herewith and marked "Enclosure 1".

Where any terms used in this by-law are defined in the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, they will have the same meaning as those words are attributed under that Act.

B RIGHTS

Subject to the conditions in paragraph C of this by-law, the Owner will have;

(A) special privilege in respect of the common property to perform, erect and keep the Building Works to and on the common property; and

(B) In relation to their lot, the exclusive use of those parts of the common property occupied by the Building Works.

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C CONDITIONS

1 MAINTENANCE

(A) The Owner must properly maintain and keep the common property adjacent to their lot to which the Building Works are erected or attached to a reasonable and satisfactory standard.

(B) In respect of their lot, the Owner must properly maintain and keep the Building Works to a reasonable and satisfactory standard and must replace the Building Works it/as required from time to time.

2 DOCUMENTATION

Before commencing the Building Works the Owner must submit the following documents relating to the Building Works to the Owners Corporation for approval;

- (A) plans and drawings;
- (B) specifications;
- (C) structural diagrams;
- (D) a Schedule of Works; and
- (E) any other document reasonably required by the Owners Corporation.
- 3 APPROVALS
 - (A) The Building Works must be compliant with Australian Standards.
 - (B) Before commencing the Building Works the Owner must obtain approval for the performance of the Building Works from; (I) the relevant consent authority under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act; and
 - (II) any other relevant statutory authority whose requirements apply to the Building Works.
- 4 INSURANCE

Before commencing the Building Works the Owner must affect or cause to be affected the following insurances in respect of their lot in the joint names of the Owner and Owners Corporation as required;

- (A) contractors all works insurance;
- (B) insurance required under the Home Building Act 1989 (If required);
- (C) workers compensation insurance; and
- (D) public liability insurance in the amount of \$10,000,000.00.
- 5 PERFORMANCE OF WORKS

In performing the Building Works, the Owner must;

(A) transport all construction material, equipment debris and other material in the manner reasonably directed by the Owners Corporation:

(B) protect all areas of the scheme outside their lot from damage by the Building Works or the transportation of construction materials, equipment, debris;

(C) keep all areas of the building outside their respective lot clean and tidy throughout the performance of the Building Works:

(D) only perform the Building Works at the times approved by the Owners Corporation;

(E) not create noise that causes unreasonable discomfort, disturbance or interference with activities of any other occupier of the building;

(F) remove all debris resulting from the Building Works immediately from the building; and

(G) comply with the requirements of the Owners Corporation to comply with any bytaws and any relevant statutory authority concerning the performance of the Building Works.

6 LIABILITY

The Owner will be liable for any damage caused to any part of the common property as a result of the erection or attachment of the Building Works to the common property and will make good that damage immediately after it has occurred.

7 INDEMNITY

The Owner must indemnify the Owners Corporation against any loss or damage the Owners Corporation suffers as a result of the construction, performance, maintenance or replacement of their respective Building Works on the common property including liability under section 122 in respect of any property of the Owners.

8 COST OF WORKS

The Building Works must be undertaken at the cost of the Owner.

9 OWNERS' FIXTURES

The Building Works shall remain the Owner's fixtures.

10 RIGHT TO REMEDY DEFAULT

If the Owner fails to comply with any obligation under this by-law, THEN the Owners Corporation may,

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- (A) carry out all work necessary to perform that obligation;
 (B) enter upon any part of the parcel to carry out that work; and
 (C) recover the costs of carrying out that work from the Owner.

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Special By-Law 3 - Security Cameras By Law – Management of Security System

The Owners Corporations has resolved to add a Security System to the common property. The Security System will include security cameras and Security Recordings, which shall be secured as detailed below.

- 1. This By-Law is made for the purposes of managing, regulating, and controlling the use and maintenance of the Security System on the common property. This shall include the appropriate management of the Security Recordings of activities on the common property.
- 2. For the purposes of this By-Law, the following definitions apply:
 - a) "Security System" means all cabling, alarm system software, closed circuit television system (CCTV monitor and cameras), sirens and mechanisms (including all ancillary equipment) installed in the common property to provide security for all lot owners.
 - b) "Security Recordings" means either analogue or digital images or recordings of activities in the common property areas.
 - c) The recorder will be located in the switch room and the Committee will have authorization to access this footage if/as required.

3. Powers & Duties of the Owners Corporation

The Owners Corporation shall have the power to install and maintain the Security System and any additional security devices in the common property and install such signage as is appropriate to warn owners, occupiers, and invitees that the common property is being monitored. The Owners Corporation shall also have the following additional powers, authorities, duties, and functions:

- the power to enter into arrangements with third parties from time to time for the a) operation of the Security System and the installation, repair, reconfiguration or replacement of the Security System, or any part of it;
- b) the duty to keep any Security System installed pursuant to this by-law in a good and serviceable repair;
- the duty to ensure that all Security Recordings are secured within the switch room, or c) held by a third-party security company offsite;
- d) the duty to ensure no owner or occupier can hold or access Security Recordings without the written consent of the Owners Corporation, the Strata Committee being empowered to provide such consent. The exception being that either the Strata Manager or a police officer may access the Security Recordings without prior Strata Committee approval.
- e) Security Recordings are only to be accessed or used for the purposes of determining a breach of the security or cause of damage to the common property areas within the building. Access to Security Recordings must not be provided for the personal use of any owner or occupier unless authorised by the Strata Committee.

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Form: 15CH Release: 2.3

CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS New South Wales Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900

Leave this space clear. Affix additional pages to the top left-hand corner.

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A) TORRENS TITLE

(ii) ioisellie iiie	For the con	CP/SP75794			
(B) LODGED BY	Document Collection Box	Name Company Address E-mail Customer Account Number	Contact Number Reference	CODE	

certify that a special resolution was passed on 26/6/2023 (C) The Owner-Strata Plan No. 75794

(D) pursuant to the requirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as follows -

(E) Repealed by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE SPECIAL BY-LAW 3 Added by-law No. Amended by-law No. NOT APPLICABLE as fully set out below : "SEE ANNEXURE A"



- (F) A consolidated list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at Note (E) is annexed hereto and marked as Annexure n
- 26.6.2023 (G) The seal of The Owners-Strata Plan No. 75794 was affixed on in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:

Signature : SIMONE MONTGOMERY Name : Authority: LICENSED STRATA MANAGER

Signature :

Name :

Authority :





Address all communication to the Chief Executive Officer Shellharbour City Council, Locked Bag 155 Shellharbour City Centre, NSW 2529 DX 26402 Shellharbour City Centre p. 02 4221 6111 f. 02 4221 6016 council@shellharbour.nsw.gov.au www.shellharbour.nsw.gov.au

Applicant:

InfoTrack Pty Ltd GPO BOX 4029 SYDNEY

ecertificates@infotrack.com.au

PLANNING CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Applicants Reference: 6190: Sale - Paul Albert Knowl

Certificate No: PL2324/2024

Print Date: 14 October 2024

LAND DESCRIPTION:

7/28 Addison Street SHELLHARBOUR NSW 2529

Lot 7 SP 75794

Land ID: 27942

Disclaimer

Information contained in this certificate relates only to the land for which this certificate is issued on the day it is issued. This information is provided in good faith and the Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any such advice. Council relies on state agencies for advice and accordingly can only provide that information in accordance with the advice. Verification of the currency of agency advice should occur. For further information, please contact Council's Customer Service Section.

Title Information

Title information shown on this Planning Certificate is provided from Council's records and may not conform to information shown on the current Certificate of Title. Easements, restrictions as to user, rights of way and other similar information shown on the title of the land are not provided on this planning certificate.

Inspection of the land

The Council has made no inspection of the land for the purposes of this Planning Certificate.

PART A: INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7(2)

Central Register of Restrictions (CRR) Searches

The CRR is a centralised database where participating organisations (known as authorities) maintain up to date information about possible or actual interests they hold against NSW properties. A CRR interest is not usually noted on title, and therefore will not appear in a standard title search. A specific CRR search is required to identify interests on a particular property. Please see the following link.

Central Register of Restrictions (CRR) - NSW Land Registry Services (nswlrs.com.au)

Matters contained in this certificate apply only to the land on the date of issue.

1. Name of Relevant Planning Instruments and DCPs

1.1 Which environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land?

Local Environmental Plan

Shellharbour Local Environmental Plan 2013. Reference should also be made to NSW Legislation website www.legislation.nsw.gov.au for full details regarding this LEP.

State Environmental Planning Policies

SEPP - (Exempt & Complying Development Codes) 2008.

SEPP (Housing) 2021.

SEPP (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021.

- SEPP (Industry & Employment) 2021.
- SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021.
- SEPP (Primary Production) 2021.
- SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021.
- SEPP (Resources & Energy) 2021.

SEPP (Transport & Infrastructure) 2021.

SEPP (Resilience & Hazards) 2021 - Wholly. Chapter 2 of this SEPP applies to all of this land.

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SEPP - (Precincts Regional) 2021.

SEPP - (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

Please see the NSW Department of Planning & Environment website <u>www.planning.nsw.gov.au</u> and Legislation website <u>www.legislation.nsw.gov.au</u> for details on State Environmental Planning Policies.

1.2 Which development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land?

The Shellharbour Development Control (DCP) is Council's only DCP and applies to all of the Shellharbour City Council area except for the land at Calderwood covered by State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Regional) 2021 Appendix 5 Calderwood.

The DCP covers many forms of development including residential, commercial and industrial and will potentially apply to any development within the Shellharbour City Council area that requires development consent.

Section 4.15 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* lists a DCP as a matter for consideration in determining a development application.

Technical Policies

Shellharbour Drainage Design Handbook. Council developed and adopted the Shellharbour Drainage Design Handbook. Refer to the following link: <<u>https://www.shellharbour.nsw.gov.au/plan-and-build/planning-controls-and-guidelines/shellharbour-engineering-code#:~:text=The%20Shellharbour%20Engineering%20Code%20provides%20guid elines%20for%20the,infrastructure%20within%20the%20Shellharbour%20Local%2 0Government%20Area%20%28LGA%29</u>

1.3 Which proposed environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on the land that is or has been the subject of community consultation or public exhibition?

Planning Proposal – Local Environmental Plans

No exhibited Draft Local Environmental Plans.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policies

Changes to create Low & Mid Rise Housing

The Explanation of Intended Effect (EIE) was publicly exhibited by the Department of Planning and Environment until 23/02/2024. It proposes changes to:

• the E2 Commercial Centre zone; and

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• E1 Local Centre zones - but only if they contain a wide range of frequently needed goods and services such as full line supermarkets, shops and restaurants.

It also proposes changes to:

- the R2 Low Density Residential Zone and R3 Medium Density Residential Zone where they are located within a certain distance of:
 - a railway station;
 - the E2 Commercial Centre zone; and
 - E1 Local Centre zones but only if they contain a wide range of frequently needed goods and services such as full line supermarkets, shops and restaurants.

Please refer to the Department of Planning and Environment website for more information by cut and pasting the following for a search:

Diverse and well-located homes | Planning (nsw.gov.au)

Improving Planning Processes to Deliver Infrastructure Faster (March 2024)

The EIE was publicly exhibited by the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure until 16 April 2024.

The proposed changes include amendments to the SEPP Transport and Infrastructure 2021, SEPP Planning Systems 2021 and SEPP Precincts-Western Parkland City 2021 to streamline the planning approval processes for various infrastructure, transport, education, health, emergency services and environmental management related land uses.

Please refer to the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure website for more information: https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans/exhibition/explanation-intendedeffect-improving-planning-processes-deliver-infrastructure-faster

Complying Development for Farm Buildings, Rural Sheds and Earthworks on Rural Lands.

The Explanation of Intended Effect (EIE) has been prepared by the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure (DPHI).

It proposes changes to the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Codes SEPP) for earthworks and farm building provision in the Inland and Rural Housing Codes.

Please refer to the DPHI website for more information: https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans/exhibition/proposed-changescomplying-development-farm-buildings-rural-sheds-and-earthworks

Exhibited Technical Policies

There are no Exhibited Technical Policies on this land.

1.4 Which proposed development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land that is or has been the subject of community consultation or public exhibition?

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No exhibited draft Development Control Plans apply to the land.

- 1.5 In this clause 1.3 and 1.4 do not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or a draft development control plan if it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition for the proposed instrument or daft plan, or for a proposed environmental planning instrument, the Planning Secretary has notified Council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved
- 1.6 In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environment planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a LEP.

2. ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 above that includes land in a zone:

2.1 What is the identity of the zoning for the land?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - E1 Local Centre.

2.2 For what purposes may development be carried out within the zone without development consent?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - E1: Home businesses; Home occupations.

2.3 For what purposes may development not be carried out within the zone except with development consent?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - E1: Amusement centres; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Community facilities; Entertainment facilities; Function centres; Home industries; Hotel or motel accommodation; Information and education facilities; Local distribution premises; Medical centres; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (indoor); Respite day care centres; Service stations; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Veterinary hospitals; Water reticulation systems; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4.

2.4 For what purposes is development prohibited within the zone?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - E1: Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating

works; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Research stations; Residential accommodation; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Sewerage systems; Sex services premises; Storage premises; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wholesale supplies.

2.5 Whether additional permitted uses apply to land?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - Yes.

2.6 Are there any development standards applying to the land which fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

Note: A minimum lot size applies to all land shown on the Lot Size Map and/or as outlined in Shellharbour LEP 2013 written instrument.

Note: A clause for the subdivision of certain split zoned land applies as outlined in the Shellharbour LEP 2013 written instrument.

2.7 Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

2.8 Is the land in a conservation area?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

2.9 Is an Item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

3. CONTRIBUTIONS

3.1 The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 that applies to the land, including draft contributions plans?

Shellharbour Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 (9th Review) (Amendment 1).

.....

3.2 If the land is in a region within the meaning of the Act, Division 7.1, Subdivision 4 - the name of the region and the name of the Ministerial planning order in which the region is identified.

Environmental Planning and Assessment (Housing and Productivity Contribution) Order 2023 - Illawarra-Shoalhaven Region

3.3 If the land is in a special contributions area to which a continued 7.23 determination applies, the name of the area.

Not applicable.

4. <u>COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT</u>

- 4.1 If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* because of that Policy, clause 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of those clauses.
- 4.2 If complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- 4.3 If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.
- 4.4 If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in the relation to the land.

Housing Code

Complying development under the Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Rural Housing Code

Complying development under the Rural Housing Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code

Complying development under the Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation MAY be carried out on the land.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Greenfield Housing Code

Complying Development under the Greenfield Housing Code MAY NOT be carried out on the land.

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code MAY be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Complying development under the General Development Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

Complying development under the Industrial and Business Alterations Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Complying development under the Industrial and Business Buildings Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Subdivisions Code

Complying development under the Subdivision Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Complying Development under the Demolition Code MAY be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code MAY be carried out on the land.

5 <u>EXEMPT DEVELOPMENT</u>

- 5.1 If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1) (b1) to (d) or 1.16A.
- 5.2 If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of the provisions of clauses 1.16(1) (b1) to (d) or 1.16A, the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.

PLANNING CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7 ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

5.3 If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

5.4 If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Exempt development **may** only be carried out on the land if it complies with State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

6. <u>AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES AND BUILDING PRODUCT RECTIFICATION</u> <u>ORDERS</u>

6.1 Is an affected building notice, of which council is aware, in force in respect of the land?

No.

6.2 Is there any building product rectification order, of which council is aware, in force in respect of the land that has not been fully complied with?

No.

6.3 Has any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order, of which council is aware, been given in respect of the land and is outstanding?

No.

6.4 In this clause, affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4 and building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION

7.1 Does any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in item 1 above make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act?*

Shellharbour LEP 2013 - No.

8. ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD ALIGNMENT

8.1 Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) The Roads Act 1993, Part 3, Division 2? No.
- (b) Any environment planning instrument?

No.

(c) Any resolution of the Council?

No.

9 FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROLS

9.1 If the land or part of the land within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

No.

Council has no record indicating that the land may be located within a flood prone area. If you have any doubt as to whether the land is affected by flooding, the services of a suitably qualified Consulting Engineer should be obtained.

9.2 If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

No.

Council has no record indicating that the land may be located within a flood prone area. If you have any doubt as to whether the land is affected by flooding, the services of a suitably qualified Consulting Engineer should be obtained.

9.3 In this section — flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Flood Risk Management Manual.

Flood Risk Management Manual means the Flood Risk Management Manual, ISBN 978-1-923076-17-4, published by the NSW Government in June 2023.

Probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Flood Risk Management Manual.

10. <u>COUNCIL AND OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK</u> <u>RESTRICTIONS</u>

Is the land affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:

	ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979		
 10.1	Landslip	••••••	
	No.		
10.2	Bushfire		
	No.		
10.3	Tidal Inundation		
	No.		
10.4	Subsidence		
	No.		
10.5	Acid Sulphate Soils		
	No.		
10.6	Contamination		
	No.		
10.7	Aircraft Noise		
	No.		
10.8	Salinity		
	No.		
10.9	Coastal Hazards		
	No.		
10.10	Sea Level Rise		

No.

10.11 Any Other Risk

No.

10.12 In this clause, adopted policy means a policy adopted by the Council or by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the Council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the Council.

11. BUSH FIRE PRONE LAND

11.1 Is any of the land bushfire prone land as designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bushfire prone land? If none of the land is bushfire prone land, a statement to that effect.

No.

12. LOOSE FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

12.1 Does the land include any residential premises within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989, Part 8, Division 1A that are listed on the Register that is required to be maintained under that Division?

Council is not aware that the land is on the register. You should make your own enquiries with NSW Fair Trading and search the register available on their website to confirm this information.

13. <u>MINE SUBSIDENCE</u>

13.1 Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of *Coal Mine* Subsidence Compensation Act 2017?

No.

14. PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION

14.1 The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

Not applicable.

14.2 The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not applicable.

14.3 Words and expressions used in the clause have the same meaning as in the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15. PROPERTY VEGETATIONS PLAN

15.1 Does an approval property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act* 2003 Part 4 apply to the land, being a plan to which the council has been notified of its existence by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act?

No.

16. BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES

16.1 Is the land a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* Part 5, that council has been made aware of by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust?

No.

Note: Biodiversity Stewardship agreements including biobanking agreements under the Threatened Species Conservation Art 1995 Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 5.

17. BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND

17.1 Is the land biodiversity certified land under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016 Part 8?

No.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995, Part 7AA that is taken the certified under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, Part 8.

18. ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS) ACT 2006

18.1 Has an order been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act* 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, being an order to which the council has been notified of?

No.

19. <u>ANNUAL CHARGES UNDER LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993 FOR COASTAL</u> <u>PROTECTION SERVICES THAT RELATE TO EXISTING COASTAL PROTECTION</u> <u>WORKS</u>

19.1 If the Coastal Management Act 2016 applies to the Council, whether the owner, or any previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works?

Not applicable.

19.2 In this clause, existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1993, section 553B.

Note: Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

20. <u>WESTERN SYDNEY AEROTROPOLIS</u>

20.1 Chapter 4 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021 does not apply to the Shellharbour Local Government Area

21. DEVELOPMENT CONSENT CONDITIONS FOR SENIORS HOUSING

21.1 If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, have any conditions of consent been granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, clause 88(2)?

No.

22. <u>SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND DEVELOPMENT CONSENT</u> CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

22.1 Is there a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land?

No.

22.2 The period for which the certificate is current is?

Not Applicable.

If there is a certificate, copy of the certificate can be obtained from the Department.

22.3 If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, have any conditions of development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, clause 21(1) or 40(1)?

No.

22.4 Are there any conditions of development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1)?

No.

22.5 In this clause, former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

23. WATER OR SEWERAGE SERVICES

If water or sewerage services are, or are to be, provided to the land under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006, a statement to that effect.

Note – A public water utility may not be the provider of some or all of the services to the land. If a water or sewerage service is provided to the land by a licensee under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006, a contract for the service will be deemed to have been entered into between the licensee and the owner of the land. A register relating to approvals and licences necessary for the provision of water or sewerage services under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 is maintained by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal and provides information about the areas serviced, or to be serviced, under that Act. Purchasers should check the register to understand who will service the property. Outstanding charges for water or sewerage services provided under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 become the responsibility of the purchaser

No. This clause does not currently apply within Shellharbour Local Government Area.

NOTE: MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 59(2) OF THE CONTAMINATED LAND MANAGEMENT ACT 1997 (CLM Act)

(a) Is the land significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(b) Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(c) Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(d) Is the land the subject of an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the *CLM Act* at the date of this certificate?

No.

(e) Is the land the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the *CLM Act* (such a statement having been provided to Council at any time)?

No.

PART B: NOTATIONS

There are no Part B notations on this property.

PART C: - INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7 (5) OF THE ACT

NOTE:

When information under section 10.7(5) is requested the Council is under no obligation to provide any of the information supplied in this part. We draw your attention to section 10.7(6) which states that a Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith pursuant to sub-section (5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land does not imply that the land is not affected by any matter referred to in this planning certificate.

Endangered Ecological Community & Threatened Species.

Council has some mapping that identifies where endangered ecological communities & threatened species are known to occur. For further details contact Council's Customer Environmental Services Department.

Other Items

Planning Agreement-Sec 93F EPA. No Planning Agreement Sec 93Fof the EPA Act 1979 apply to the land.

Filling

Council has no records to indicate the land has been filled or partially filled. Uncontrolled fill may be present on this site. If you have any doubt as to whether the land is affected by fill material, the services of a suitably qualified Consulting Engineer should be obtained.

Flooding

Other than any part of the land which may experience some water inundation as a result of the creation of stormwater detention basins or channels or flow paths in the course of development of the land, Council has no record indicating that the land may be located within a flood prone area. If you have any doubt as to whether the land is affected by flooding, the services of a suitably qualified Consulting Engineer should be obtained.

Precinct Development Strategy

The land is not affected by the Wattle Road Precinct Development Strategy.

Development Consents Relating To The Land

Details of current development consents for the land are available on request from the Council.

Constraints

Information regarding loose-fill asbestos insulation

Some residential homes located in the State of NSW have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

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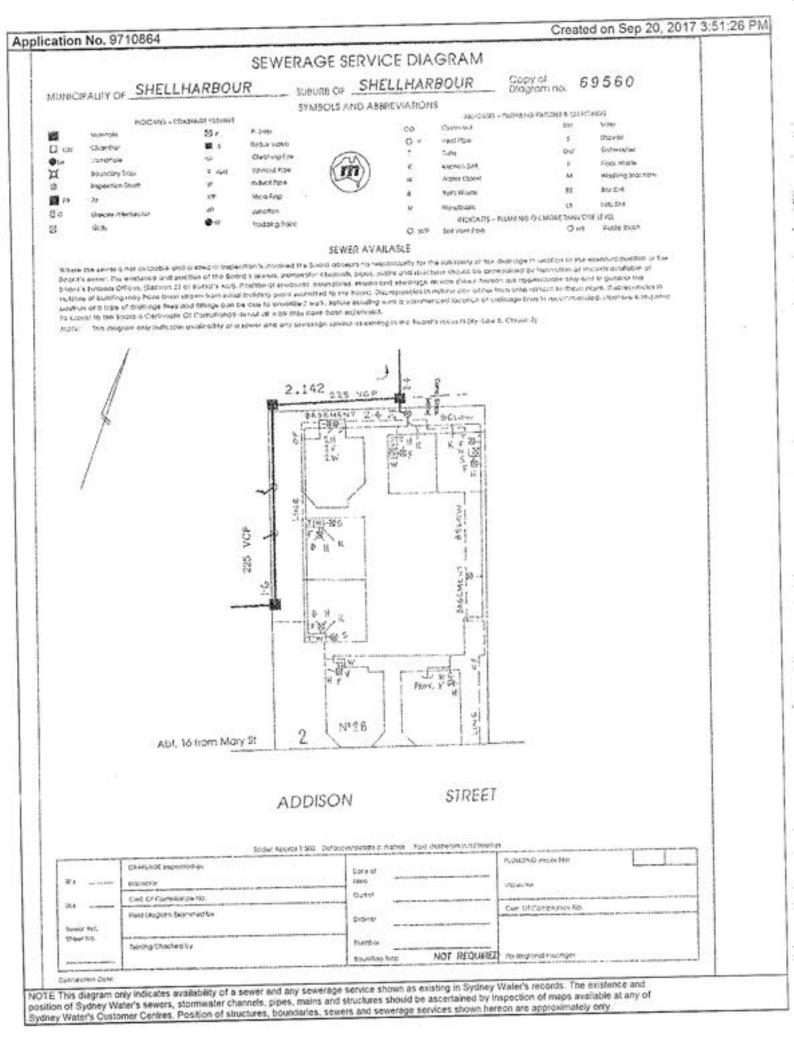
You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants. Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information.

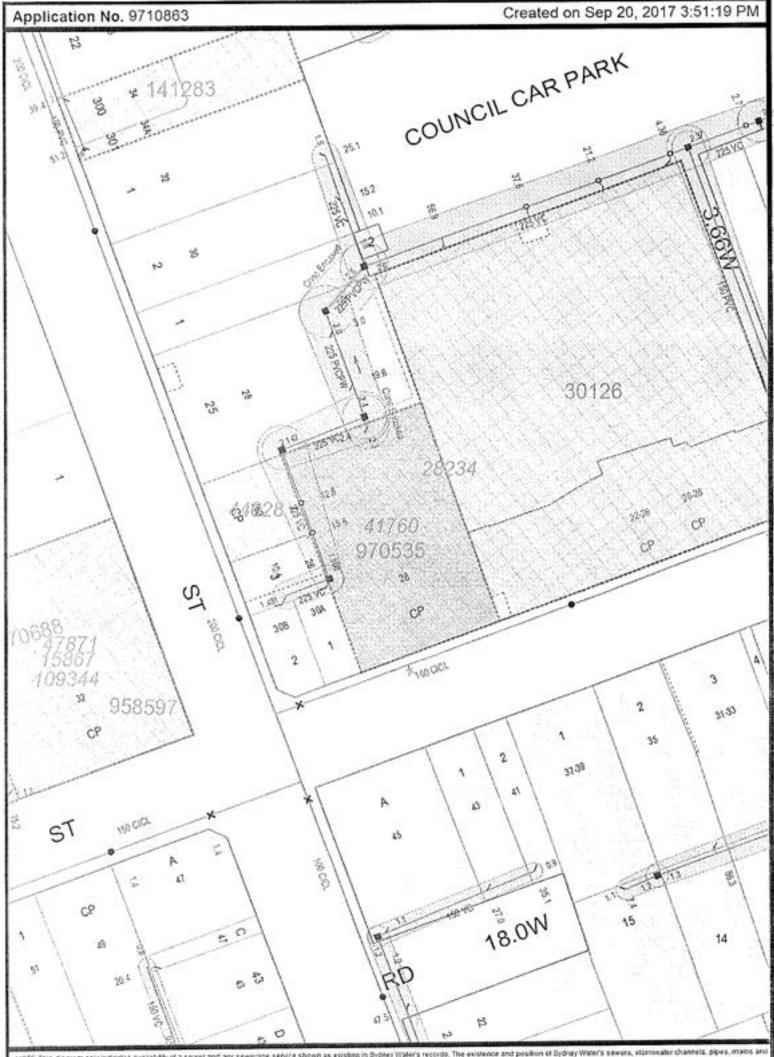
Shellharbour Local Strategic Planning Statement

The Shellharbour Local Strategic Planning Statement (LSPS) provides details on which Council will base land use planning decisions, including future land use planning and management of growth in Shellharbour City. The LSPS applies to all land within Shellharbour City Local Government Area.

For further information please contact the Land & Information Services on (02) 4221 6111

Authorised by: Mike Archer Chief Executive Officer





TACTE. This diagram only indicates availability of a server and any serverage service shown as existing in dydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's servers, stammater channels, pipes, mains an phychies shown be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Guater's Cesterner Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, servers and severage services shown hereon are approximately only.